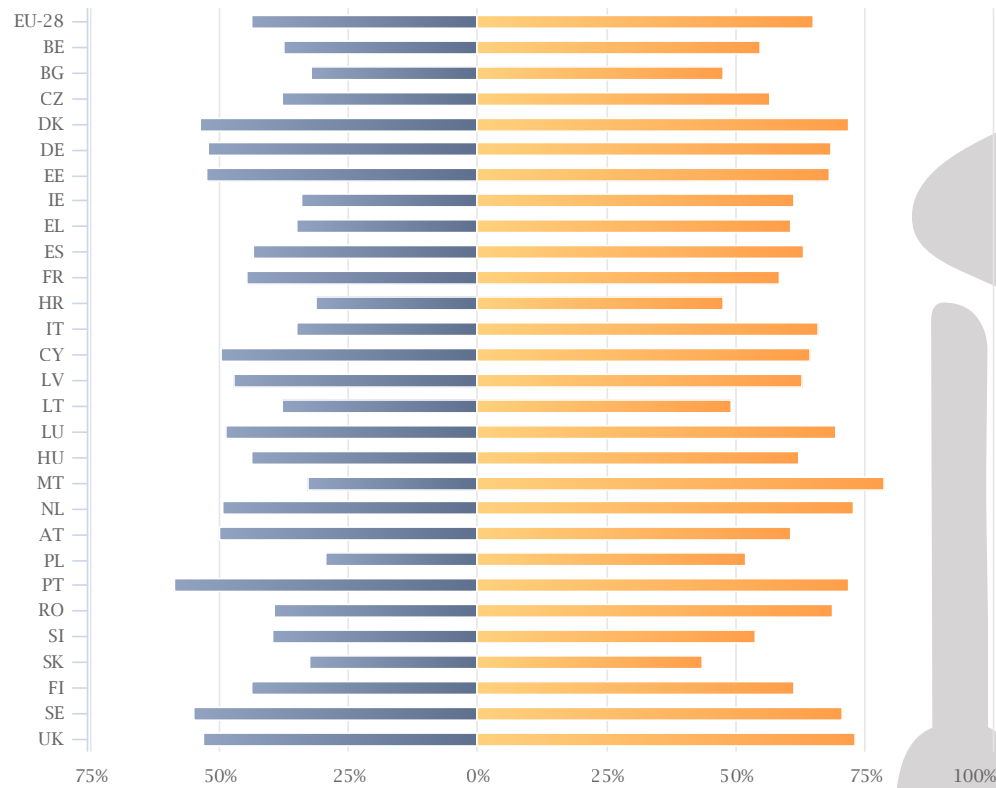


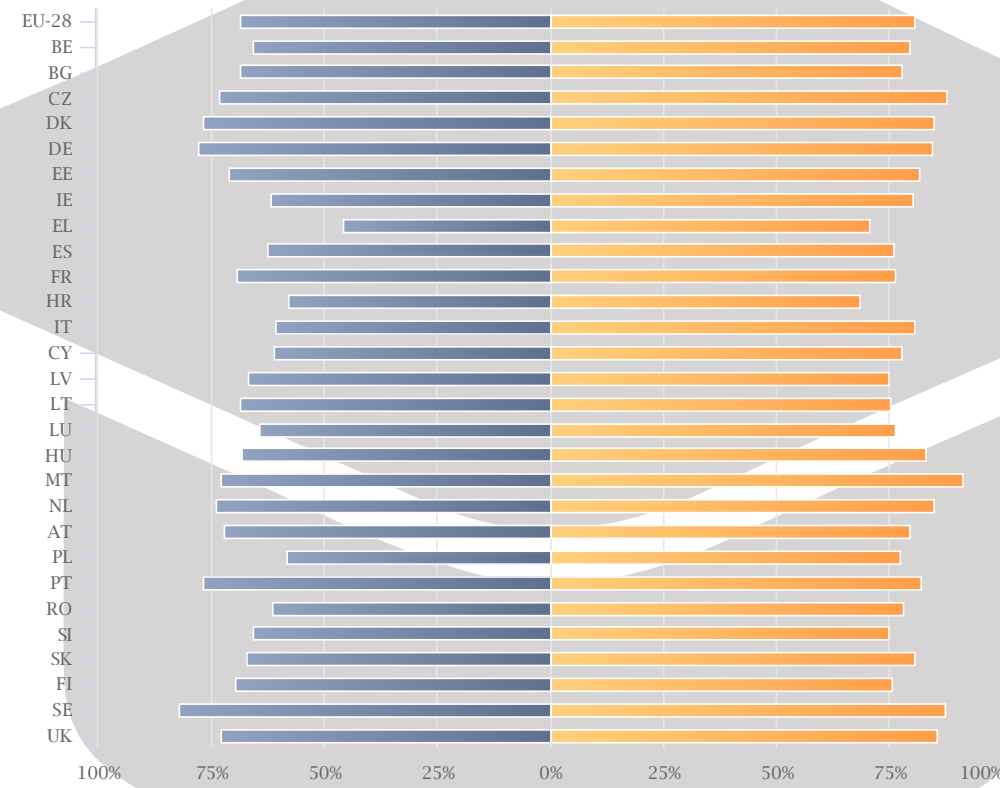
# Employment of adults according to their education level

Less than primary, primary and lower secondary level (ISCED 0-2)



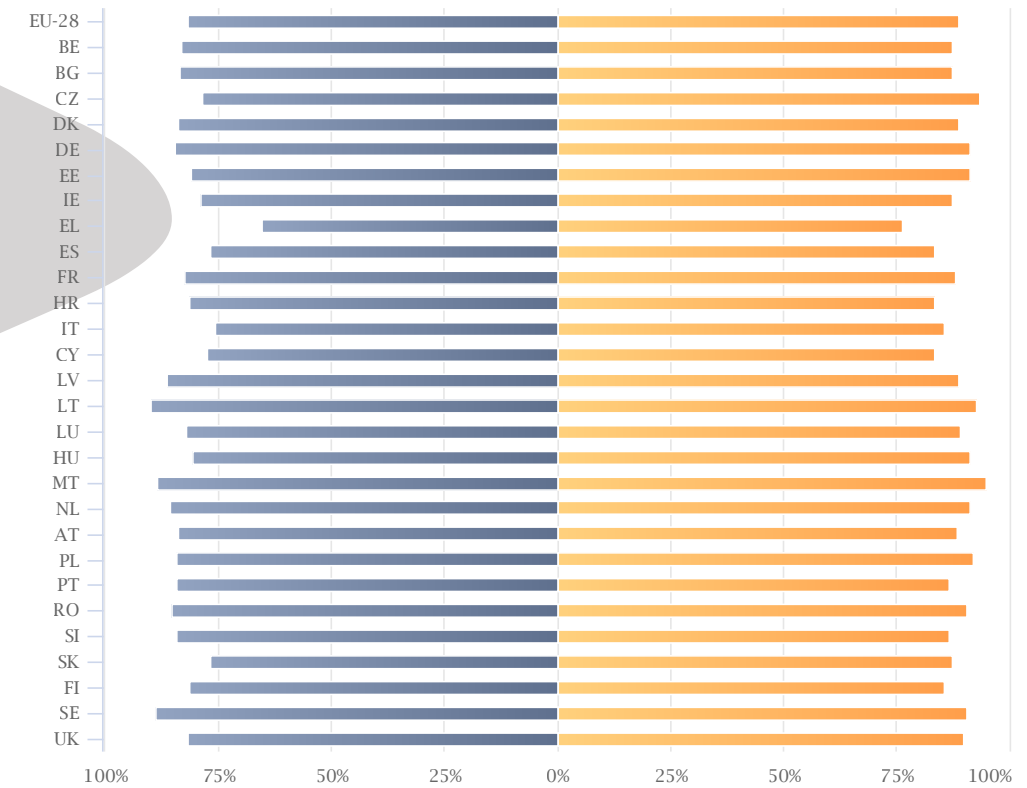
● Women ● Men

Upper secondary and post-secondary non-tertiary level of education (ISCED 3-4)



● Women ● Men

Short-cycle tertiary to doctorate level education (ISCED 5-8)



● Women ● Men

Adults with tertiary education had an employment rate of 89.7 %, those with upper and post-secondary education, 82.7 %, and those with lower secondary or less 67.5 %. People with higher levels of education are also more likely to engage in adult learning. This combination results in a double-edged disadvantage for people with lower levels of education. Lower levels of education have an even more negative impact on female employment levels.